

TRANTRER
Bar Vests and
Aprons just arrived

THE EVENING HERALD

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VOL. I STRATHCONA, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1907 No. 105

TAX RATE REDUCES General Purposes 7 3-4 Mills, School Purposes 3 1-4 Mills.

Almeron McFarland and Crawford were the absentees from last night's meeting of the City Council. Almeron Hubert was back in his place after a holiday of some weeks.

The new city map will probably soon be ready for use. A letter was read from Belmont Bros. of the Winnipeg firm of lithographers who have the work in hand, stating that a proof was being sent and that they would go ahead with the lithographing as soon as they were notified that it was correct.

Kr-Mayor Sheppard went declining to pay, unless the city furnished further explanation, the cost of making alterations in the electric wiring of his house removed necessary when the poles were moved from the streets of the city to the lanes.

The communication was referred to the public works committee to bring in a report on the policy involved.

A petition for a four-foot plank sidewalk on Oliver Avenue from the northeast corner of block 92 to the northeast corner of block 93 was referred to the public works committee.

The following accounts were referred to the committee concerned to be paid if found correct:

F. Geller	140.00
G. Corrie	16.05
R. O'Brien	12.00
A. A. Morrow	28.60
C. E. Taylor	143.00
Geo. Thomson	2.00
D. L. Gherney	4.30
W. E. Ross	11.55
"	35
"	45.00
"	1.70
"	1.70
"	2.40
Alberta Cattle Co.	24.00
P. Manning	20.00
J. Gaiser & Co.	25.41
Walter & McDonald	94.11
F. F. Harts & Co.	111.70
J. H. Mansard	11.75

The bylaw and license committee reported as follows on the question of a dog, cigar and cigarette license:

"Your committee are of the opinion that a license should not be placed on the sale of tobacco.

"Your committee are not in favor of placing a license on the sale of cigarettes that would give one or two dealers a monopoly of the business; but are in favor of a prohibitive license, but think that such prohibitive license should not be imposed without being asked for by the public."

The engineer reported the completion of the water and sewer extension from the hospital to the laundry in the rear of the building at a cost of \$50.00.

The pondkeeper reported that from August 8 to September 9 he had imposed 50 cows and 3 horses, notwithstanding the fact that the pond had been built for the purpose of watering the pond was now dry and would when water was laid on be ready for use.

The pondkeeper had intended to pay rent for the enclosure when it was ready. He had paid Mr. Condon \$12.50 per month for the old enclosure and would be willing to pay the same amount for the new one. He suggested that he should be sworn in as a policeman in order that he might be in a position to deal with persons who became abusive when their cows were impounded.

It was resolved on the motion of

Will Re-Build Quebec Bridge.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 10.—David Reeves, president of the Case Pipe and Bridge Company, said today that although the inquiry into the concerns of the company as a result of the fall of the Quebec cantilever bridge has not been completed he did not believe that the loss will be one fourth as large as was first supposed. Other officials of the bridge company declare that the work of re-building the bridge will be continued if the Canadian Government does not insist that "several weeks must elapse before any conclusion as to the cause of the accident can be reached," said one of them. "However, I can say that it will take two years of hard work to reach the stage of completion at which we stood when the accident occurred."

Strange Cyclone Story

Kidnaped by a cyclone eighteen years ago, to discover himself only within the past few days, Charles Bennett of Villisca, Ia., has put the strange story of Chas. How clear out of commission.

Imagine a baby carried miles and miles by a whirling shrieking storm cloud deposited in a stranger's yard there found, nursed into life and reared, until eighteen years of age, and finally discovering a thousand miles away the real parents from whom he as a babe was separated eighteen years before. There you have the remarkable tale of Charles "Bennett" Bennett's parents lived in Harrison county Missouri. Old settlers there will remember that fatal cyclone which swept over the country eighteen years ago. It left ruin and disaster in its wake.

But in the little home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Bennett it left uncontrollable grief. For it deprived the home of the little baby boy, Charles. When the storm struck the Bennett cottage it literally tore the house to shreds. The father and mother were separated, and the baby boy was picked up by the storm cloud and carried miles after mile. The little chap was let down in the backyard of T. W. Hudson, a farmer who was getting ready to move to Louisiana.

Baby Charles was angry his mouth and eyes were full of mud. He was indignant at the rough treatment he received, and when Hudson picked him up and washed out his eyes and mouth and nose, he badly crossed prettily and said something about death.

Hudson told the youngster with him to Louisiana. And it was not until the supposed father and son quarreled the other day that Hudson told Bennett the remarkable story of his life.

Bennett set forth to find himself. At a little town in Harrison county he discovered a clue to the mystery of an old settler named "Frank" Barnes told him the story. He discovered a son called a sister, Mrs. Benjamin Richardson at Villisca, and a brother in Fairfield, Neb. The mother, who had long mourned the son as dead in California, and the father the victim of the cyclone will be taken home.

The matter was referred to the Mayor as a preliminary measure to make arrangements with Mr. Alton.

Mr. Alton representing the Canadian Pipe Co., asked for a payment on account of the wood water pipe supplied by his firm to the city. Mr. Alton pointed out that the contract called for the payment of 50 per cent of the cost on delivery and 50 per cent after 10 days test, but his firm had as yet received no payment whatever.

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How Washington Regards Race Riots.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Although charges against the official Columbia riots it is difficult for official Washington to consider a crime. It has been such a short time since the public opinion openly criticized the stability of the United States Government to restrain state mobs against the non-indigenous Orientals. The size of the gris is not diminished by the reflection that the principal animosity displayed by the Vancouver mob was directed against the Japanese, Britain's good friends. An almost audible chuckle arose when it became known that Jaki, director of commerce of the Japanese foreign office, who was specially commissioned to investigate Japanese rioting, happened to be in British Columbia at the time and himself came near being mobbed. The attitude of the Japanese world press towards Canada is being watched with great interest here.

Hon. Wm. Patterson's Daughter Married

Brantford, Ont., Sept. 10.—Annie Patterson, daughter of Hon. William Patterson, was married to Mr. Morley Pictou. The bride was attended by Helen Cockburn and Kate Margolis of Brantford. Jessie McAllister, Hamilton and Vera Sherrington, Toronto, were the bridesmaids. Norman Wilson of Ottawa, supported the groom. Lady Laurier was one of the guests.

Must Keep Out of Manitoba

Winnipeg, Sept. 10.—James D. Lawrence was released from jail yesterday and the same evening he, in which he is charged with violating a Police-Mounted ban from his home, has been dropped. Lawrence paid his fine for failing to show up for trial on the O.P.R. and to be bound over in the sum of \$1,000 to keep out of the province of Manitoba for four years and to have nothing further to do with the girl in question. The magistrate allowed Lawrence to go to Banff for a time for treatment and then he goes east.

Assets of One Million

(Special to the Chronicle)

The assets of Watson & Co., grain dealers, are nearly a million dollars. No statement of liabilities is shown.

George Bernard Shaw Missing

London, September 9.—George Bernard Shaw the author, is missing since he left Barnham, Wales, for a ramble. He failed to keep his appointment for departing and fears are entertained for his safety.

Edmonton's New Dominion Land's Agent

A despatch from Ottawa states that Ex-Mayor K. W. Macgregor has been appointed Dominion lands agent for Edmonton, Alberta. The appointment was by the resignation last April of Arthur G. Harrison, now secretary of the Edmonton Board of Trade.

ALL THE WITNESSES DENIED CONSPIRACY

Lumber Dealers Trial Continued in Edmonton Yesterday.

After a two days' rest the preliminary hearing of the conspiracy charges against the executive of the Alberta Retail Lumber Dealers' Association was resumed at the R. N. W. M. P. barracks, Edmonton, yesterday before Inspector Worley. Mr. Woods again conducted the crown case and Mr. Bennett, of Calgary, was in attendance for the defense.

E. D. Becker, formerly of Calgary, and one of the vice presidents of the Alberta Association, was called. Mr. Becker was the delegate who went to Nelson, B.C., to make representations to the Mountain Millers' Association with regard to the manufacture of lumber. The witnesses, like Mr. Grogan secretary of the Alberta Association, Mr. Wells, secretary of the Mountain Millers' Association, and Mr. Alexander, secretary of the coast Association, all denied the charges of conspiracy, however, that had been exhibited before the parliamentary committee.

In the cross-examination of Mr. Bennett, Mr. Becker stated there was no understanding, or agreement secret or otherwise, whereby the by-laws of the association meant anything other than what they expressed.

Still Slaughtering Jews Four Inches of Wet Snow

Breila, Roumania, Sept. 10.—Travelers who have arrived here from Odessa, declared that anti-semitic excesses there still continue and it is estimated that the deaths in the Russian city during the past week exceed one hundred. The police are preventing the Jews from leaving Odessa. Bombs have been put at Klatney and elsewhere, summing the populace to attack the Jews, and consequently the Jews are in a state of panic.

More Japs For America.

Bangor, Maine, Sept. 10.—Thousands of Japanese veterans are in the Mexican states, equipped with secretly organized readiness to invade the country at short notice, according to Editor Guernsey of the Mexican Herald, now here. Mexico's liberal immigration policy enables the Japanese to flock to that country in large numbers. In Sonora alone he says that there are seven good divided groups, each with a superior officer in command.

Satisfied With Officers

New York, Sept. 10.—At the meeting of the executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company today the payment of the usual quarterly dividend was provided for and the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "Resolved that the executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company on behalf of the company hereby place on record its hearty appreciation and unqualified approval of the course which the president and officers of this company have pursued in connection with the late strike of operators and congratulate them upon their success in maintaining the integrity of the service under the control and direction of those rightly charged with the responsibility."

Boiler Makers Get Increase.

(Special to the Chronicle)

Winnipeg, Sept. 11.—The boiler makers on the C.P.R. Western Division were today granted a nine-hour day and an increased scale of wages.

Damage to Crops Not Serious, But Standing Grain Badly Flattened.

Calgary, Sept. 11.—Four inches of wet snow fell here last night, and the weather was disagreeable and threatening to the citizens. The damage to the crops is not serious outside of the fact that the standing grain is badly flattened and will probably all have to be cut one way. Two inches of the "beautiful" fell at Lethbridge, but will do practically no harm, as the grain in that district is all cut.

Little Hope of Church Union

Toronto, Sept. 10.—The fourth conference of the joint committee on church union, representing the Presbyterians, Methodists and Congregationalists, was held this afternoon to hear a statement from the Anglicans and Baptists as to their beliefs on organic union. It is definitely understood that the Baptists committee will report against union and there is no hope of a favorable conclusion from the Anglicans.

Spanish Brigade Ready to Invade Morocco.

Gibraltar, Sept. 10.—Orders have been received by the Spanish military authorities at Algiers, near here, to hold a brigade of 7,000 men ready to embark on September 11 for Tangier, Spanish Morocco, where transports which have been chartered.

To Deal With Prizes Captured at Sea.

The Hague, Sept. 10.—The committee of the peace conference to which the question was submitted today approved by a vote of 38 to 2 the project providing for the establishment of a supreme tribunal to deal with prizes captured at sea. The tribunal will be composed of permanent judges from the United States, Great Britain, Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Italy, France and Japan, the smaller nations having a judge only for a number of years proportional to the tonnage of their mercantile marine.

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CURRENT COMMENT.

It is a singular coincidence that every time the water cart comes out a soaking rain is sure to follow.
As a rain makes the water cart is a success.

In the appointment of K. W. McKenzie as Dominion Lands agent for Edmonton in succession to Arthur G. Harrison, who resigned to accept the secretaryship of the Edmonton Board of Trade, a popular, able and well-known local fellow succeeds one with the same qualifications.

For the benefit of the Calgary Albertan we would remark:
Snow in Calgary, Red Deer and other points on the C. & E. line, and Strathcona basking in the balmy air of the Innana Belt.

The latest joke connected with the city pound is on one of the Aldermen whom the pound keeper told of two cows he had lost in a district of the city father. The Alderman said, "make him settle it serves him right". Shortly after the Alderman went over to the pound to see about the return of a water trough, he was disagreeably surprised to find that the two bovines were his own. His "settling" and admitted that it served him right.

Following up his contentious warning the Fire Chief summoned a citizen before J. W. Tipton, J. P., for burning refuse within the limits prohibited by the bylaw. He was notified only in the costs as there was no desire to impose a fine in the first instance brought up; the intention being to convince people that the bylaw must be complied with. It is a rather difficult matter for large business places to destroy the accumulations of paper and refuse that gather, but the protection of the citizens at large makes it imperative.

The unfortunate occurrence on Saturday at Vancouver, which resulted in a murderous attack by a mob of white men on the Chinese and Japanese quarters of that city, is one of the most deplorable events which has occurred in the history of the Dominion. The placing of the race in an unfavorable light before the Oriental races to whom Anglo-Saxon race should be particularly exemplary and deserves Canada in the eyes of every other nation in the world, is the least of the offence. It is liable also to involve Canada in an international quarrel which may have disastrous results. Canada does not pay one cent toward maintenance of the British fleet, yet the urgent recommendation of many of her best citizens in that regard. If the fighting Japanese should send a gunboat to the British Columbia coast to protect her citizens they will be doing only what Great Britain has always done under similar circumstances. If Great Britain is apathetic in the defence of Vancouver and British Columbia, seeing that the fault lies wholly with the mob of the city of Vancouver, the citizens of the coast city have only themselves to blame. A few hours of a Japanese gunboat in action would despatch all that Vancouver has built, and might rain for all time a place that many believe will be, under normal conditions, the great metropolis of the Pacific coast.

We sympathize with the people of the coast province in their protest against Oriental immigration, but we believe that a satisfactory settlement of that difficulty can only be delayed by the action of the mob. The Dominion Government, it seems to us, has the remedy in its hands. If, as is conceded, Japan declines responsibility for the influx of its citizens into British Columbia on the ground of their having become residents of Hawaii, it should be easy for the Dominion Government to take the necessary steps for their exclusion.

The scarcity of labor argument which is used as an excuse for delay or as an opposing consideration, is a good one in view of the fact heralded over the country that the Grand Trunk Pacific will employ only white labor. If that great undertaking can be carried out by white labor we can conceive of no reason why other corporations cannot.

The fact is that the Government

seems to be trimming on the question between the labor and corporation influences without due regard to the effects of the Oriental influx on the country both present and future.

Speaking on the question Hama Greenwood, a Canadian who is member of the Imperial Parliament for York, and who is visiting in Winnipeg, says: "On the Canadian coast as well as the American, the question of the immigration of the Chinese, Japanese and Hindus is one of increasing importance and worry to the authorities on both sides of the water. Since the defeat of Russia, I think I am only fair in saying that the Japanese have become the most aggressive people in the world, and they certainly have made it clear in high places that they will not be quietly and see their people treated by Canadians or Americans any way different from the treatment meted out to immigrants of other first-class powers. In other words, the highly organized Government of the Asiatic world, if necessary, might be able to submit to what it deems the humiliation of the race. This question brings Canada into the arena of foreign politics, from which the Dominion has been free since the Napoleonic wars. It is most serious, and anybody who realizes imperial responsibility should not speak so recklessly."

(Toronto World)

"We believe that if there were more personality in the newspapers of Canada, more personal writing, and more personal responsibility for what is written, there would be much better government in this country. The newspapers, as a class, or as an instrument, are no longer champions of public rights. The newspapers have largely come into the service of corporations, and, as a consequence, personal journalism is denounced, and public men who disregard public rights and public morals feel safe in continuing the course of conduct."

"Let anyone go over the daily press of this country, and see who have control, and find out what its alliances are with corporations, and they will get a better insight into the real cause of the decadence in public life, in public morals and in progressive government, than they can get in any other direction. "None of the newspapers in this country that today are the open advocates of the capitalists or the secret enemies of public rights, are edited by men of marked personality. They like to write the newspaper and to muddle a question, or to leave the situation very much as it is, and to do this behind the shield of 'impartiality.' They take good care to abuse any man who brings a personal element into journalism, and who goes in for straight-from-the-shoulder criticism of men and methods."

"And the corporations either own the great bulk of Canadian newspapers, or hold them by job printing, or in other ways, and the very weakness in political life which some of the newspapers deplore, and which they attribute to other causes, are largely due to their lack of vitality in the newspaper themselves, and their dependence on good interests. If there are ministers of the crown who have disgraced themselves, and yet who are not disposed to get out of public life, it is because of newspaper editors who have not the courage they should have, and if political leaders have not the lieutenants that some of their newspaper critics think they ought to have, it is because nobody any longer expects direct and pointed newspaper criticism. Newspapers, for the most part hand out their news in the following manner:

"Our newspapers have also forgotten, or are trying to forget, that the strength of the newspapers is the subscribers, the public, and that a newspaper's first duty is to the public. Having conveniently forgotten this view of their relation to the public, they have found a way of obtaining their masters' orders, and the weakening tools of their masters of the bulk of the newspaper press can afford to do it all the time, and if they can make their masters' orders, they can cry that a lion is in the path. They hate personal journalism."

Mr. Bryant, of Lindsay, who was a recent visitor here, and who spoke of farms through J. L. Porter, this speaks of the district in the Watchman-Warrior:

"Across the Saskatchewan River from Edmonton is Strathcona—a fine city, growing fast, and growing permanently. Strathcona has excellent buildings, its fine school structures being especially noteworthy. The handsome Collegiate, a three-story high, 70 x 40, is a magnificent building of red brick. On the outside 300 acres of land were recently taken up for a university for the Province. Three churches are being built at present—Presbyterian, Methodist and English Church—and some idea of the style of these may be gathered from the fact that each is estimated to cost between \$25,000 and \$40,000."

East of Strathcona is the Clover Bar district—the finest of farming country. "Here," says Mr. Bryant, "I saw the heaviest wheat growing that I ever saw in my life. The land reminds me of the best parts of West Ohio and Michigan, and it is certainly the good country—the best there is—for farming. The farmers are up-to-date, too. Fine buildings, nice houses and modern conveniences are the order of the day, and a great many farmers have telephones in their houses."

There is coal all around the district and this is a regular boom to the district. The Clover Bar coal mine is well known. Coal can be purchased ready loaded, and good coal it is, for two dollars per ton. The loads will run from a ton to a ton and a half. In the road works and at excavations the coal veins are often cut through, and the seam of coal may be seen in the bank.

In the Clover Bar district land prices range from twenty-five to one hundred dollars per acre according to locality, soil and convenience or access to the bigger towns. Progress is very evident in the south of England. One can see the Swift's strongholds of property. The Swift and Armour Co. are rebuilding an immense packing house for the Clover Bar district and also preparing to put up a large canning factory."

"WITNESS" INTERVIEWS.

MR. BORDEN.

The Montreal Witness, a Liberal newspaper, gives the following interview with B. L. Borden.

In a chat with a representative of the Witness at the Windsor Hotel this morning, Mr. Borden said that so far his campaign had met with a success beyond anything which he had anticipated, for at all his meetings there had been great crowds of people, and he had met with much enthusiasm. However, he had spoken in the open air, huge crowds had gathered, while in several of the places where the meetings had been held indoors, though people had come to fill the rooms, what he said:

"There seems everywhere to be a very considerable awakening of interest in public questions," he said "largely due," he thought, "to various government scandals which have lately been exposed, and also to some extent to the platform which he had just laid down on behalf of the Conservative party." "If that is the case," he added, "it is not enough to awaken the interest of people, then, I don't know what it is."

Mr. Borden was asked what he thought of the criticism which had been levelled against him—that while he might be a splendid speaker, there was not enough sound material in his ranks to form a government which would stand up to the present. "I maintain," he replied, with some anger, "that even among the present Conservative members in the parliament, there is enough material to form two or three cabinets at least equal to the present one. Indeed, I think we are much stronger in men of character and ability than the Liberal government seems to be, for it is not an open confession of weakness on the part of Sir Wilfrid Laurier that he has had to go outside of parliament to choose men for the last three vacancies in the cabinet?"

"I can assure you that there are many good men in the ranks of the Opposition who have as far as I am concerned, to come well into the public eye and show what they are made of. But there is another point to be remembered. If the Conservative party should be returned to power at the next election, there will be an added number of between fifty and sixty Conservative members of parliament—men who are the pick of the constituency from one end of the country to the other. I have made it a point to impress on my friends everywhere the absolute necessity of choosing for their candidates men of the highest character and ability, and do you mean to tell me that if we are not returned to power, we will not be able to provide a cabinet worthy in every way of this great Dominion? I don't know, I have no fear on that point myself. I know you."

The same criticism was sent on to Mr. Borden by Mr. Whitney, and yet when Mr. Whitney was returned to office he showed that his party was fully capable of dealing with the reins of power.

"It will be the same with us," said Mr. Borden. "If the people show us

desire content in us to return to power, they will find many who will not come to the front who have not hitherto had an opportunity to show the public at large what they are made of."

Touche on the subject of election Mr. Borden. "If the people show us in his power," he was determined that no unfair and illegal methods such as had hitherto disgraced many elections, should be allowed to go unpunished for that purpose, he said, "I am impressed on my lieutenants everywhere the necessity of providing not only enough funds to make in every legitimate way, the best fight that could possibly be made, but also enough to follow up cases of bribery in the courts afterwards and see that the offenders are duly punished."

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If you want a sponge of any kind come to our store and we will let you have exactly what you want, and at a price as low as the same sponge could be purchased for anywhere. Our best sponges cost a good deal of money, our poorest but a few cents. We have also everything else one expects to find in a hardware store.

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Great Sale of Boots and Shoes!
Having received a heavy shipment of Winter Stock, we are compelled to make room for it and have decided to sell our spring and summer goods at wholesale cost price.
This stock consists of over 8000 dollars worth of boots and shoes in all its varieties from the finest and best makers in Canada.
Come early while there are full lines
These are regular bargains, and as we sell at cost price it has to be cash.

F. Buhner, Strathcona
Wainwright's Under-Auction Sale!
High Class Furniture
The undersigned have received instructions from Mr. C. S. Sutherland to sell by public auction at his residence, 3 blocks east of station and one block north of Whyte Avenue, on Saturday,
Sept. 21st
1 o'clock sharp, the following list of choice furniture:
Look out from station to see Red Flag
Parlor—1 piece parlor suit, Mahogany, value \$65; centre table, value \$12; 1 Windsor rocker, value \$15; 1 music cabinet; 1 carpet square, imported, very choice; other small articles.
Dining Room—1 extension table, solid oak and fancy carved, valued at \$65; 6 solid oak chairs worth \$6 each; 1 arm chair to match, worth \$6; 1 Mahogany solid oak, worth \$50; 1 combination china cabinet and writing desk worth \$50; 1 carpet square; other numerous articles.
Study—1 writing desk worth \$22; 1 set upholstered furniture, six pieces; stonch carpet.
Hall—Hall carpet with marble top, very choice; stove.
Bed Room No. 1—1 solid oak bed, springs and mattress; 1 dresser with ivory mirror; 1 washstand—these three pieces are valued at \$75. Carpet; small table; rocker; stool.
Bed Room No. 2—3-piece suit as above worth \$75; chest of drawers; couch; carpet chair.
Bed Room No. 3—3-piece suit as above, value \$75.00; 1 desk; rug, etc.
Kitchen—Happy Thought Range; table; chairs; numerous other articles, all kitchen utensils included.
Several other articles too numerous to mention.
This furniture all as good as new, and the material in most of it being carefully selected and made to order at the furniture house.
Don't miss this chance to get something good.

E. DIXON'S Furniture Store
IT DOES NOT COST YOU
A CENT TO VISIT
OUR STORE
And by so doing may save you Dollars when you furnish up. Make this place one of the stores of interest when out shopping. We are continually receiving new designs and latest improvements which the best factories can produce.
An order placed with us will be filled to your entire satisfaction.
We stand behind our goods
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HATS HATS

The manner in which our customers have responded to our request to help us reduce our stock before moving to the new store in the Duggan Block has been very pleasing. We have a few more Hats than we wish to move and a special sale is now on for the purpose of reducing the number.



\$2 Hats for \$1.50 \$2.50 Hats for \$2.00
\$3 Hats for \$2.25 \$5 Hats for \$4
and our celebrated "Pocket Hat" for \$1.00. All goods in stock at big reductions.

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PRICE \$2600.00

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Buy this Property, it will make you 100 per cent. in a year.

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—Sign Painter—

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COAL ! COAL !

The White Star Coal Co.

is selling a superior quality of nut coal at \$3.50 per ton.

Try it. All orders now promptly filled.

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A Full Line

of building material of all kinds is always to be found at O'BRIEN'S

Our stock is the best
Our prices are the cheapest
Our treatment is the fairest

Delivery free to any part of the city on short notice.

S. Q. O'Brien, Phone. 46

A Telltale Nail.
Dr. John Donne, the famous English divine and poet, who lived in the reign of James I., was a veritable Sherlock Holmes in feat of mind.
He was walking in the churchyard while a grave was being dug when the sexton cast up a moldering skull. The doctor idly took it up, and in handling it, found a headless nail driven into it. This he managed to take out and conceal in his handkerchief. It was evident to him that murder had been done. He questioned the sexton and learned that the skull was probably that of a certain man who was the proprietor of a brandy shop and was a drunkard, being found dead in bed one morning after a night in which he had drunk two quarts of brandy.
"Had he a wife?" asked the doctor.
"Yes."

"What character does she bear?"
"She bore a very good character, only the neighbors gossiped because she married the day after her husband's funeral. She still lives here."
The doctor soon called on the woman. He asked for and received the particulars of the death of her first husband. Suddenly opening his handkerchief, he showed her the telltale nail, asking in a loud voice:
"Madam, do you know this nail?"
The woman was so surprised that she confessed and was tried and executed.

Night Window Shopping.
"I used to think the money spent for light in show windows from closing time till morning was wasted," said a Fifth Avenue merchant. "But I have changed my mind about it, and now I keep my windows lighted until 3 a. m. every night but Sunday. I took the trouble to make some investigations as to the value of shop windows before I changed my method. I found that in daytime, when the streets are filled, no one has time for more than a glance at the displays. But at night, and particularly late at night, while there are fewer people outside, they are not in a hurry and many of them stop to examine the critically the goods shown. I have frequently seen men and women, too, who were window shopping, stop in place at night inside buying the things the next day. Many people in New York keep themselves posted on fashions and on what is to be had in the stores by 'window shopping.'"

Man and the Horse.
Men are apt to say severe things of the absurdities to which many women will submit at the behest of fashion, but really, they are every bit as bad. A good horse has a naturally arched neck, an inferior one has not. But the owner of the latter must pretend that his sorry steed is blessed with blood, and to effect the deceit he slaps on a monstrous leather rein and defies public opinion. A London carman, who is in many things a bit of a brute, will ease his horse when going up hill by removing the reins which keep it head up, but whoever saw the same kindnes extended to a horse drawing a brougham? The same slavish following of fashion marks the attention to the horse's tail. The thoroughbred has his three-quarter length bush, so have the matched pair for the brougham, but what man would drive a cab, which had a tail bigger than a half spanned fan—St. James' Gazette.

Wood Burners in Paris.
Despite all modern improvements, Paris still heats its offices and its houses to a large extent with wood. Its bakers and confectioners use hardly anything else for fuel. It burns up whole forests of timber every year, and extensive forests in several regions of France are reserved for supplying it with fuel. Coal is scarce in France and dear and not of very good quality. Besides, the Parisians are conservative in house matters. The cheery appearance of the glowing log on the hearth appeals to them, and most likely generations will pass before they give up burning wood altogether.

Prepared For Temptation.
Little Tommy had been forbidden to swim in the river, owing to the danger. One day he came home with unmistakable signs of having been in the water. His mother scolded him severely. "But I was tempted so badly, mother," said Tommy. "That's all very well, but how'd you come to leave your bathing suit with you?" Tommy paused and then said, "Well, mother, I took my bathing suit along thinking I might be tempted."—Dundee Advertiser.

India Dialects.
India has hundreds of dialects, which may all be classed under three great heads—the Sanscrit, the Prakrit and the Magadhi. The Sanscrit is the fundamental language and that of the Vedas. The Prakrit is the vernacular language in many dialects and the Magadhi or Miera is that of Ceylon and the Islands.

An Advocate of Credit.
"The way to get on" said the business man, "is to conduct your operations on a cash basis."
"Not in politics," answered Senator Sorghum. "Promises are just as effectual as cash and not nearly so dangerous."

Was It Fresh?
An Indiana woman, as she examined the fowl brought from the market, said to her little son, "Did the grocer tell you this turkey was quite fresh?"
"No'm," the boy answered; "he just said to hurry home with it as fast as I could."

General ideas and great conceits are always in a fair way to cause terrible mischief.—Goethe.

T

Is one of the necessities of life. A good cup of T relieves that sick headache; removes that tired and worn feeling after a busy days housework. And a good cup of T seems just the proper thing over which to chat and exchange ideas on at some days. Now we handle what we consider the best brands in the city, namely:

Deckajule (black) at per pound	50c
Victoria Cross, at per pound	50c
Richard's Pure Black per pound	40c
Orange Pekoe No. 1 Black per pound	35c

THREE POUNDS FOR ONE DOLLAR

We have control of these brands. They are packed in Ceylon especially for us and under our own label. (No other merchant in Strathcona can get this tea except from us). And we have the opinion of dozens of T drinkers in the city and 95 per cent of them pronounce Deckajule the best 50c tea they have tasted. In green we have 2-Flags at 25c, 3 pounds for \$1.00. Mercury at 50c per pound.

If, after you have sampled a package of any of these brands, you are not satisfied, return it and get your money back.

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BOARD and ROOM wanted in private house by single young gentleman, near centre of city preferred.—Apply Chronicle Office.

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When We Made the Announcement

of selling for CASH after September 1st, it was also our intention to make a reduction in the price of our goods from 5 to 15 per cent. REMEMBER, a reduction on all goods we carry in stock. No Reserve. Nails, Tar Paper, Locks, Hinges, Paints, Oils, Lead. We have also a few good lines in Binder Whips from 40c to \$1.50 each. Binder Twine 550 feet for 13c.

We have also a few lines of good cook stoves you can save money on. We intend to make McLean & Co. a Cash Hardware—thereby making you a saving from 5 to 15 per cent. which we call a HEAP.

CALL AND SEE US

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